AE5511

TrafficTesterPro

User's Manual

AS-84711-1EY (Auto Test Supplement)

Yokogawa Electric Corporation

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AS-84711-1EY Rev. 1.0

	Table	of	Contents
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Chapter 1		Overview	1
1.1	Featu	ıres	1
Chapt	er 2	Functions	2
2.1	Cont	rol Interface	2
2.2	File N	Nanagement Interface	2
2.3		of Commands	
Chapt	er 3	Operating Procedures	4
3.1	Note	s When Entering Commands	4
3.2	Note	s When Creating Scripts	4
3.3	Basio	c Procedures for Remote Operations Using the Control Interface	5
3.4	Basio	c Procedures for Automatic Testing	5
3.5	Logir	ו Screen	6
3.5	5.1 L	.ogin Screen	6
		Console Start Screen	
		Login Screen	
		Simultaneous Logon Message	
3.5		Vhen Login Is Successful	
		Screen after Login (No Scripts Running)	
3	3.5.2.2	Screen after Login (Scripts Running)	7
3.6	Desc	ription of Commands	8
3.6		Aeasurement Commands	
3	3.6.1.1	Enable Settings	8
3	3.6.1.2	Start Transmission	9
3	3.6.1.3	Stop Transmission	. 10
		Stop Statistics and Save Results	
		Restart Statistics	
		Clear Statistics Counter	
		Show Statistics Counter	
		Insert Frame	
		Insert Bit Error	
) Auto-Acquiring the MAC Address	
		Clear MAC Address	
3.6		Scripting Commands	
		Execute Script Stop Script	
		Pause (Script-Internal Command)	
		Echo Back ON/OFF (Script-Internal Command)	
		Display Messages (Script-Internal Command)	
		Start Identifier	
		End Identifier	
		Comment	
		Blank Lines	
3.6		Other Commands	
3		Log Out	
3	3.6.3.2	Start/Stop File Managment	. 22
3	3.6.3.3	Display File List	. 22

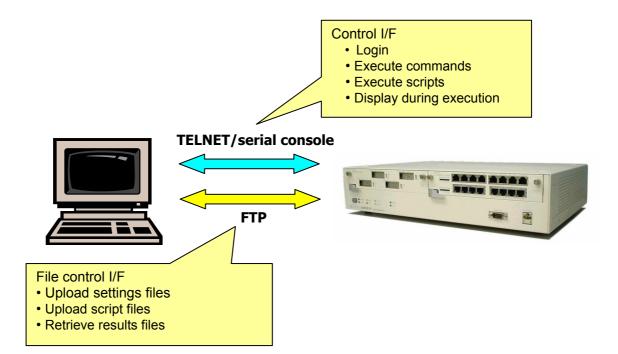
3.6.3.4 Change Directory 3.6.3.5 Clear All User Data		
3.7 File Management		
3.7.1 Overview		
3.7.2 File Transfer/Retrieval	24	
3.7.2.1 Logging In	24	
3.7.3 Default Directories		
Chapter 4 Appendices	27	
Appendix A Error Messages	27	
Appendix B Sample Script		

Chapter 1 Overview

This manual describes the Auto Test function of the AE5511, which can be executed by using telnet or the serial console.

1.1 Features

The AE5511 TrafficTesterPro features a command line–based control interface with automatic scripting and file management functions for carrying out automatic testing. Commands for enabling settings, starting transmissions, and other functions can be executed through telnet or the serial console, and commands can be batch-executed using script files. The setting file to be enabled and the script file is transferred to the device by the user via FTP. Statistical results files can also be retrieved using FTP.



Chapter 2 Functions

2.1 Control Interface

Table 2.1.1	Control	interface

Control I/F	Functions	Notes
Serial console	The AE5511 is connected to the COM port of the controller PC using the CONTROL connection cable that came with the instrument. A console terminal program on the controller PC can then be used to send commands.	required.
Telnet	The AE5511 is connected to a LAN board on the controller PC using the CONSOLE connection cable that came with the instrument. A telnet terminal program on the controller PC can then be used to send commands.	Password: [as set on the

2.2 File Management Interface

Table 2.2.1 File management inte	rface
----------------------------------	-------

File Mgt. I/F	Functions	Notes
	Setting files and script files can be sent to the instrument, and measurement results files can be acquired via LAN.	Password: [as set on the

2.3 List of Commands

After logging on with the control interface, the following commands can be executed.

Туре	Name	Command	More Information
Measurement	Enable settings	update	Section 3.6
	Start transmission	transmit start	Section 3.6.1.2
	Stop transmission	transmit stop	Section 3.6.1.3
	Stop statistics and save results	statistics stop	Section 3.6.1.4
	Start statistics	statistics start	Section 3.6.1.5
	Clear statistics counter	statistics clear	Section 3.6.1.6
	Show statistics counter	show counter	Section 3.6.1.7
	Insert frame	insert frame	Section 3.6.1.8
	Insert bit error	insert biterror	Section 3.6.1.9
	Auto-acquire MAC address	automac start	Section 3.6.1.10
	Clear MAC address	automac clear	Section 3.6.1.11
Scripting	Execute script	sh	Section 3.6.2
	Stop script	"Ctrl+C"key	Section 3.6.2.2
	Pause	waittime	Section 3.6.2.3
	Echo back	echo on/off	Section 3.6.2.4
	Display message	print	Section 3.6.2.5
	Start identifier	#!filestart	Section 3.6.2.6
	End identifier	#!fileend	Section 3.6.2.7
	Comment	#	Section 3.6.2.8
	Blank line		Section 3.6.2.9
Other	Log off	exit、quit	Section 3.6.3
	Start/stop file management	filemode on/off	Section 3.6.3.2
	Display file list	ls、dir	Section 3.6.3.3
	Change directory	cd	Section 3.6.3.4
	Clear all user data	allclear	Section 3.6.3.5

Table 2.3.1 List of commands

Chapter 3 Operating Procedures

3.1 Notes When Entering Commands

- 1. Valid Keys for Entering Control Commands
- Alphanumeric characters and symbols
- Backspace key
- [Ctrl + E], [Ctrl + C] (valid only for execution and interrupting execution of scripts)
- 2. Notes When Entering Commands
- Each line of the command may not exceed 512 characters (including the newline character).
- · Command names and parameters are case insensitive.
- Do not include extensions with file names used within commands.
- Note the restrictions below regarding the characters that can be used for file and directory names. (Arbitrary names can be assigned when using FTP, but file names including unsupported characters cannot be used in commands and scripts.)
 - File names: a-z, 0-9, hyphen (), and underscore (_).
- Directory names: a-z, 0-9, (), (_), and "/[path].
- Periods may not be used in relatives path names.
- If a carriage return is added on the right side of the terminal screen in the middle of entering a command, the text in the line above cannot be deleted using the Backspace key.

3.2 Notes When Creating Scripts

- 1. File Creation
- Use the extension .cscp for script files.
- 2. Format
- Script files may contain up to one thousand lines (including blank lines and comments).
- Each line of a script file may not exceed 512 characters (including the newline character).
- Do not include extensions to file names used within commands.
- An absolute path should normally be used for specifying the file name and directory of a script file.
- Use a pound sign (#) at the beginning of comment lines.
- Use the start identifier "#!filestart" at the beginning of the script file.
- Use the end identifier "#!fileend" at the end of the script file.

3.3 Basic Procedures for Remote Operations Using the Control Interface

Remote operations using telnet or the serial console are generally carried out as follows:

1. Connect the AE5511 to the controller PC

For details on making connections, see Section 3.2, "Operating the Instrument" in the main AS-84711 user's manual.

- 2. Log in to the system. See the login screen in Section 3.5.
- 3. Enter a control command. See Section 2.3, "List of Commands."
- 4. End remote operations. Use the "Quit" or "Exit" command to log out.

3.4 Basic Procedures for Automatic Testing

Measurement operations involving the automatic testing function are generally carried out as follows:

1. Create a settings file

Using the Web browser, log in in Control or Edit mode, then create a setting file.

2. Create a script file See section 3.2 for details on creating script files.

3. Transfer the setting file and script file See section 3.7 for details on file management.

4. Execute the script

5. Retrieve results files See section 3.7 for details on file management.

3.5 Login Screen

3.5.1 Login Screen

3.5.1.1 Console Start Screen

When the serial console is connected, the control startup screen is displayed as shown below. Type auto, then press the **Enter** key to advance to the login screen shown in section 3.5.1.2.

Welcome to AE5511 ANDO Electric Co.,Ltd. Please Enter "login" or "auto" <CR> to login. >

3.5.1.2 Login Screen

Immediately after opening a telnet connection or entering auto in the console startup screen, the logon screen shown in the figure below appears. Enter Login: ae5511, and Password: None (no password is set on the instrument at the time of shipment).

Welcome to AE551 ANDO Electric Co.	(TrafficTesterPro) Ltd.	
Login: ae5511 Password:****	Login authentication	
	-	

3.5.1.3 Simultaneous Login Message

If another user is already logged in from a Web browser in Control mode, the message below is displayed.

```
Welcome to AE5511 (TrafficTesterPro)
ANDO Electric Co.,Ltd.
Already full mode logged in!
```

3.5.2 When Login Is Successful

3.5.2.1 Screen after Login (No Scripts Running)

Auto test mode - Logged in! 192.168.0.1>

The device name prompt appears. If no device name has been set (as is so by default), the prompt is "*device IP address*>" (for telnet), or "AE5511>" for serial connection.

3.5.2.2 Screen after Login (Scripts Running)

If you log on while a script is running, the message below is displayed. To display the current state of script execution, press 1. To stop the script, press 2.

Script running now.
Please select one of the followings.
1. Display the current state of script execution.
2. Terminate script execution.
[1..2]>

When 1 is selected

When 2 is selected

Script running now. If you want to stop script, please push CTRL+C. If you want to logout, please push CTRL+E. Auto 192.1 Scrip

Are you sure you want to stop script?[N/y]> y
Script was forcibly terminated.Auto test mode - Logged in!Auto test mode - Logged in!Script and display the
prompt.192. 168. 0. 1>Script execute was finished.Please input return key.

3.6 Description of Commands

3.6.1 Measurement Commands

3.6.1.1 Enable Settings

This command lets you specify a settings file on the command line from which measurement parameters are read in and enabled on all units.

(1) Syntax

Update [setup file]

(2) Screen Example

```
192.168.0.1>Update /set_files/ttp_setup
Update·····OK
MODE : Traffic
```

(3) Error Messages

- When the setting file (or directory) is not found. Error: Specified file not found.
- When the settings file is corrupt (syntax check error). Error : Setup file is broken.
- When the UNIT structure differs Error: The unit is different between equipment and loadfile.

3.6.1.2 Start Transmission

This command starts transmission on all ports, or on specified ports.

(1) Syntax

Transmit start all | unit [no.] port [no.]

You can also specify multiple ports at the same time by using an argument such as "port 1,3-4."

(2) Screen Example

192.168.0.1>Transmit start unit 1 port 1 transmit start ···· OK

- When GBIC is not found on one of the specified ports. Message : GBIC <*no.*> is not found.
- (4) Error Messages
 - When a specified UNIT or port is not found. Error: Invalid input arguments.

3.6.1.3 Stop Transmission

This command stops transmission on all ports, or on specified ports.

(1) Syntax

Transmit stop all | unit [no.] port [no.]

You can also specify multiple ports at the same time, by using an argument such as "port 1,3-4."

(2) Screen Example

```
192.168.0.1>Transmit stop unit 1 port 1
transmit stop ··· OK
```

- When GBIC is not found on one of the specified ports. Message : GBIC <*no.*> is not found.
- When XENPAK is not found on one of the specified ports. Message : XENPAK <*no.*> is not found.
- (4) Error Messages
 - When a specified UNIT or port is not found. Error: Invalid input arguments.

3.6.1.4 Stop Statistics and Save Results

This command stops the statistics counter on all ports, and saves measured results to the file specified on the command line. The measured results are displayed on screen. The file is saved in both HTML and CSV formats.

(1) Syntax

Statistics stop [file name]

(2) Screen Example

```
192.168.0.1>Statistics stop /result_files/result
Statistics stop ···OK
Result file save···OK
·
·
```

- When both stopping of statistics and saving of results were successful.
 Message : Statistics stop
 ••• OK
 - Message : Result file save • OK
- When statistics has already stopped (but the results file was created anyway) Message: Statistics has already stopped. Result file save...OK
- When the results file already exists.
 - Input result file (html) already exists. Do you overwrite?[N/y] Input result file (csv) already exists. Do you overwrite?[N/y]

3.6.1.5 Restart Statistics

This command starts the statistics counter on all ports.

(1) Syntax

Statistics start

(2) Screen Example

192.168.0.1>Statistics start Statistics start ····OK

(3) Messages

• When statistics has already started. Message: Statistics has already started.

3.6.1.6 Clear Statistics Counter

This command clears the statistics counter on all ports.

(1) Syntax

Statistics clear

(2) Screen Example

192.168.0.1>Statistics clear Statistics clear ...OK

3.6.1.7 Show Statistics Counter

This command displays the current counter value of the specified port and statistics item on screen. Also, it saves the value to a file. You can also specify overwrite (>) or append (>>).

(1) Syntax

Show counter (-t) all | unit [no.] port [no.] [kind] >(>>) file name

You can also specify the -t option to display the time of the statistics at the end.

(2) Screen Example

```
192.168.0.1>Show counter unit 1 port 1 rx frame current
[UNIT1 AE5520 10/100BASE-T]
[PORT1]
rx_frame_current=0
```

(3) Selecting statistical items (indicated by the [kind] placeholder in step (1))

When in Traffic Mode

	Parameters			Notes
tx	frame		current/total	
	byte		current/toal	
	rate	%	current	
		bps	current	
	reply		total	
	collision		total	
	error	frame	current/total	
		crc	current/total	
		undersize	current/total	
		oversize	current/total	
rx	frame		current/total	
	byte		current/toal	
	rate	%	current	
		bps	current	
	pause		total	
	error	frame	current/total	
		crc	current/total	
		undersize	current/total	
		oversize	current/total	
		alignment	current/total	Displayed on AE5520 only
		symbol	current/total	
	ifg	max	total	
		min	total	
		avg	total	

When in Latency Mode

		S	Notes	
tx	frame		total	
	rate	%	current	
		bps	current	
	collision		total	
	error	frame	total	
rx	frame		total	
	rate	%	current	
		bps	current	
	pause		total	
	error	frame	total	
	latency	max	total	
		min	total	
		avg	total	

When in BERT Mode

	Parameters			Notes
tx	biterror	frame	total	
		bit	total	
	frame		current/total	
	byte		current/toal	
	rate	%	current	
		bps	current	
	reply		total	
	collision		total	
		frame	total	
		CrC	total	
	error	oversize	total	
rx	biterror	frame	current/total	
		bit	current/total	
	nosync		current/total	
	sync	byte	current/total	
	frame		current/total	
	byte		current/toal	
	rate	%	current	
		bps	current	
	pause		total	
	error	frame	current/total	
		crc	current/total	
		undersize	current/total	
		oversize	current/total	
		alignment	current/total	Displayed on AE5520 only
		symbol	current/total	

3.6.1.8 Insert Frame

This command transmits an insert frame from all ports on which insert frames have been enabled.

(1) Syntax

Insert frame

(2) Screen Example



- (3) Messages
 - When the insert frame setting on all ports is OFF Message: Frame insert disable in all ports.
- (4) Error Messages
 - When the current mode is something other than Traffic mode Error: It can be executed only in TRAFFIC mode.

3.6.1.9 Insert Bit Error

This command adds one bit of bit error to the frames being transmitted on all ports.

(1) Syntax

Insert biterror

(2) Screen Example



- (3) Messages
 - When the transmission setting on all ports is OFF Message: TX settings of all ports are off.
- (4) Error Messages
 - When the current mode is something other than BERT mode Error: It can be executed only in BERT mode.

3.6.1.10 Auto-Acquiring the MAC Address

This command automatically acquires the destination MAC address on all ports. The command is only available in Traffic mode.

(1) Syntax

Automac start

(2) Screen Example

192.168.0.1> automac start		
[UNIT1 A	E5520 10/100BASE-T]	
PORT1 :	00-01-E2-00-79-F1	
PORT2 :	00-01-E2-00-79-F0	
PORT3 :	0FF	
PORT4 :	0FF	
PORT5 :	OFF	
PORT6 :	OFF	
PORT7 :	0FF	
PORT8 :	0FF	
PORT9 :	0FF	
PORT10 :	0FF	
PORT11 :	OFF	
PORT12 :	OFF	
PORT13 :	0FF	
PORT14 :	OFF	
PORT15 :	OFF	
PORT16 :	OFF	

- When the automatic MAC address acquisition setting on all ports is OFF Message : MAC auto is all ports off.
- (4) Error Messages
 - When the command is executed in a mode other than Traffic mode Error: It can be executed only in TRAFFIC mode.

3.6.1.11 Clear MAC Address

This command clears the acquired MAC address.

(1) Syntax

Automac clear

(2) Screen Example



- (3) Error Messages
 - When the command is executed in a mode other than Traffic mode Error: It can be executed only in TRAFFIC mode.

3.6.2 Scripting Commands

3.6.2.1 Execute Script

This command lets you specify a script file on the command line and execute the procedures indicated in the file. File names used within the script file (settings files, etc.) should be specified with an absolute path. The script file is checked for proper syntax prior to execution. See item (3) below for a listing of the syntax check items. (A file overwrite check is performed as part of the syntax check. If an existing file will be overwritten, the user is prompted to confirm this before execution of the script.)

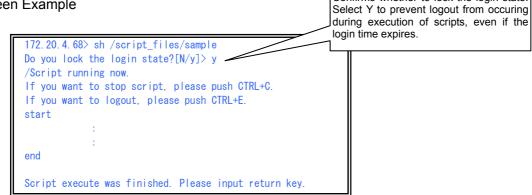
(1) Syntax

sh (-f) [script file]

Adding the (-f) option bypasses the following user confirmation items.

- Logging lock confirmation (to activate login lock)
- File overwrite confirmation
- Requirement to press Enter (or Return) upon conclusion of the script. (The prompt is displayed immediately after the script ends.)

(2) Screen Example



Confirms whether to lock the login state.

(3) Script File Syntax Check

	Item	Description	Notes
Syntax check	File start/stop identifier	Presence/absence of start identifier Presence/absence of end identifier	
	Max. no. of characters per line, max. no. of lines	Max. no. of characters per line (512) Max. no. of lines between start and end identifiers (1000)	
	Command syntax (type of command name and parameters, and range of values)	Command name Parameter type relative to the command name Range of values relative to the command and parameters	
	Whether comments are correct	 Presence/absence of illegal comments (line starts with or without #) Checks for comments outside of the start/end identifiers 	
File check	Check path and file name of argument	 Check for existence of absolute path (directory) specified in the argument Check for existence of file (in the absolute path) specified in the argument 	
	Settings files specified in the script file	Syntax check of settings fileCheck structure of the UNIT	

	File overwrite	Whether the same file name is specified in the overwrite	Query
Command check	Enable settings not performed during transmission	Presence/absence of enabling of settings during transmission	
	Insert bit error	Whether the mode is BERT during execution	
	Insert Frame	Whether the mode is Traffic during execution	
	Individual start/stop transmission command	Whether the specified UNIT and ports match those of the UNIT structure specified on the command line	
	Show statistics counter value command	Whether the specified statistical items are in the mode of the setting file	

3.6.2.2 Stop Script

This command stops the script being executed.

(1) Syntax

"Ctrl+C"

(2) Screen Example

Script was forcibly terminated.

Script execute was finished. Please input return key.

3.6.2.3 Pause (Script-Internal Command)

This command pauses the execution of the script for the specified amount of time. The command is embedded in the script file. The units of time are seconds, and the time can be specified in the range from 0 to 86400 (up to 24 hours).

(1) Syntax

Waittime [sec]

3.6.2.4 Echo Back ON/OFF (Script-Internal Command)

This command turns display of the script execution status ON and OFF. The command specifies whether or not to display the commands of the script file (this is the same as the Echo off and Echo on DOS commands). The default setting is ON.

(1) Syntax

Echo on Echo off

(2) Messages

 When Echo back turned ON << echo on
 When Echo back turned OFF << echo off

3.6.2.5 Display Messages (Script-Internal Command)

This command allows you to display arbitrary messages on screen.

(1) Syntax

Print [message]

(2) Characters that can be displayed.

ASCII codes: 0x09[TAB], 0x20-0x7E

 $\label{eq:construction} $$ TAB, SPACE, !"#$%&'()*+'-./0123456789:;<=>@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY Z[¥]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{} ~$

3.6.2.6 Start Identifier

The start identifier is placed at the beginning of the script.

(1) Syntax

#!filestart

3.6.2.7 End Identifier

The end identifier is placed at the end of the script.

(1) Syntax

#!fileend

3.6.2.8 <u>Comment</u>

Any text appearing after a pound sign (#) is considered to be a comment. Comments are ignored, but counted as one line when between the start and stop identifiers.

(1) Syntax

#

3.6.2.9 Blank Lines

Blank lines are ignored, but each is counted as one line when between the start and stop identifiers.

3.6.3 Other Commands

3.6.3.1 Log Out

Exits login status of the automatic test. A log out message is displayed for one second.

(1) Syntax

"Exit" or "Quit"

(2) Messages

• If log out was successful. Logout Ae5511 Thank you!

3.6.3.2 Start/Stop File Management

This command starts and stops the file management function. File management using FTP is allowed only if file management has been started ("file mode" is ON).

(1) Syntax

Filemode On Filemode OFF

(2) Messages

- When file mode is already ON.
 - Message: The file mode is already on.
- When file mode is already OFF. Message: The file mode is already off.

3.6.3.3 Display File List

This command lets you display a list of files in the current directory.

(1) Syntax "Ls" or "Dir"

3.6.3.4 Change Directory

This command changes the current directory. If no arguments are specified, the directory changes to the root directory.

(1) Syntax

cd

3.6.3.5 Clear All User Data

This command deletes all user files and directories.

(1) Syntax Allclear

3.7 File Management

3.7.1 Overview

This section describes how to transfer settings and script files used for execution of automatic testing, and how to retrieve the test results.

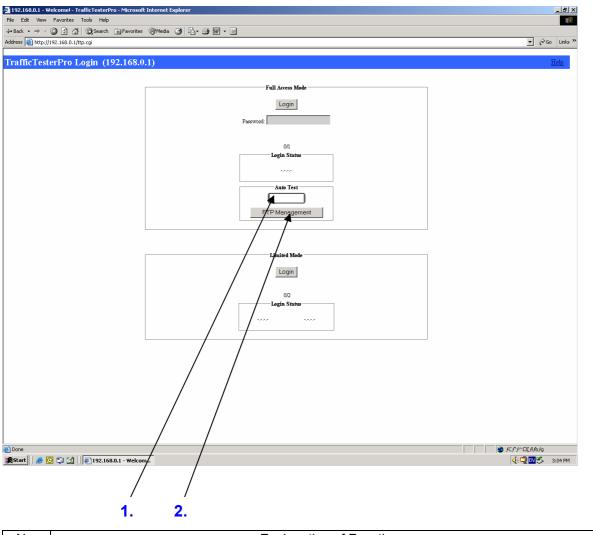
When performing automatic testing, the settings and script files are transferred to the AE5511 via FTP, then the auto test is performed by running the script execution command. The results files are saved to the AE5511, and can be retrieved using FTP.

3.7.2 File Transfer/Retrieval

3.7.2.1 Logging In

You can log in by clicking the FTP File Management button in the CGI login screen. You can also log in using the Windows command prompt. The following shows the log in method using the FTP File Management button in the CGI login screen.

Main Screen



No.	Explanation of Function	
1.	Displays the execution status of the auto test. "Testing" is displayed during the auto test.	
2.	Clicking the FTP File Management button displays the FTP login screen.	

(2) Login Screen

12:168.0.1 - Welkamel - TrafficTester/Pro - Microsoft Internet Explorer Edit: View Favorites Tools Help	<u>_ [5]</u>
ack • → → ② ② △ ◎ Search ⓐ Favorites ⑧ Media ③ ▷ → ④ 🗹 • 🖹	
ess 🕘 http://192.168.0.1/ttp.cgi	💌 ぞ Go Links
afficTesterPro Login (192.168.0.1)	Help
😰 ftp://192.168.0.1/ - Microsoft Internet Explorer	
Login As 🛛 🕅	
Either the server does not allow anonymous logins or the email address was not accepted.	
FTP Server: 192.168.0.1	
User Name: ae5511	
Password:	
After you login, you can return to this TP server easily by adding it to your Favorites List.	
Login Anonyhously	
Login Cancel	
0/2 Login Status	
	@ <i>fCf*f</i> ^□[Aħ/g
t 🧑 🔯 🛱 🗿 192.168.0.1 - Weldame! 👰 Itp://192.168.0.1 / - Mi	📢 🔍 🔜 🍏 3:12 P
1. 2.	
te de la constante de la const	

No.	Explanation of Function	
1.	Input a user name of "ae5511."	
2.	Input the password. No password is set at the time of shipment, so you can leave this box blank.	

Note: When using Windows 98 Second Edition, drag-and-drop is not available when downloading with the browser's FTP function. When downloading files, click the file name, then use [Folder copy (F)].

3.7.3 Default Directories

The default directories set for auto testing upon shipment from the factory are as follows.

 result_files
 Used for saving results files

 script_files
 Used for saving script files

 set_files
 Used for saving settings files

- A sample script file, sample.scsp, is saved in the script_files directory.
- 500 megabytes are required for the auto test. If the available space is less than 500 MB, a warning message is displayed.
- You can change the directory structure at will.
- Files used within the script file should be specified with an absolute path.
- Directory and file names are case insensitive.
- There are restrictions on the characters that can be used for file and directory names. (Arbitrary names can be assigned when using FTP, but file names including unsupported characters cannot be used in commands and scripts.)

File names: a-z, 0-9, hyphen (-), and underscore (_) Directory names: a-z, 0-9, (-), (_), and "/[path]."

Chapter 4Appendices

Appendix A Error Messages

The account or perceivered is invalid	
The account or password is invalid.	
Login timed out.	
The specified setup file(***.ptfs) does not exist.	
Setup file is broken.	
Timeout of update command occurred.	
There is no unit, or unknown unit.	
Command not found	
Input of port specification form is invalid.	
Invalid directory specification	
Directory name is too long.	
Invalid input arguments.	
Invalid script.	
The maximum number of script lines is	
exceeded.	
It can be executed only in BERT mode.	
It can be executed only in TRAFFIC mode.	
No arguments are specified.	
Saving file failed	
Input command is too long.	
Specified file not found.	
Specified directory not found.	
File name duplicates directory name.	
The specified file name is incorrect.	
Input file already exist.	
Invalid redirect method(>,>>).	
Specified script file not found.	
The HTML file already exists.	
The CSV file already exists.	
The maximum number of characters in one	
script line is exceeded.	
Start of script(#!filestart) doesn't exists in script	
file.	
2 or more start of script(#!filestart) exist in	
script file.	
Command exists after end of script(#!filestart)	
Input arguments aren't numerical characters.	
Update command cannot be used while	
transmitting.	
The unit is different between equipment and	
loadfile.	
End of script(#!fileend) doesn't exists in script	
file.	
There is no unit.	
Redirect path is not specified.	
Frame insert disable in all ports.	
TX settings of all ports are off.	
Invalid units/ports specification.	

Statistics has already stopped.	
Statistics has already started.	
The file mode is already on.	
The file mode is already off.	
The specified file already exists.	
The specified HTML file already exists.	
The specified CSV file already exists.	
File name duplicates.	
One or more warnings in script file.	
There is no ports that can transmit.	
There is no ports that can display.	
Statistics result file is not specified.	

Appendix B Sample Script

```
#!filestart
#sample
echo on
Print "** Throughput START **"
Update /set_files/ttp_setup
Statistics Start
Statistics Clear
Transmit start unit 1 port 1, 5, 9, 13
WaitTime 2
show counter unit 1 port 2, 6, 10, 14 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_1
WaitTime 1
show counter unit 1 port 2, 6, 10, 14 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_2
WaitTime 1
show counter unit 1 port 2, 6, 10, 14 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_3
WaitTime 1
show counter unit 1 port 2, 6, 10, 14 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_4
WaitTime 1
show counter unit 1 port 2, 6, 10, 14 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_5
Transmit Stop all
Statistics Clear
Transmit start unit 1 port 2, 6, 10, 14
WaitTime 2
Show counter unit 1 port 1, 5, 9, 13 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_6
WaitTime 1
Show counter unit 1 port 1, 5, 9, 13 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_7
WaitTime 1
Show counter unit 1 port 1, 5, 9, 13 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_8
WaitTime 1
Show counter unit 1 port 1, 5, 9, 13 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_9
WaitTime 1
Show counter unit 1 port 1, 5, 9, 13 rx frame current > /result_files/rxframe_10
Transmit Stop all
WaitTime 1
Statistics Stop /result_files/result
Print "Throughput END'
#!fileend
```